

# Differential output , High Accuracy, Current Sensor IC

#### **General Description**

The Senko Micro's SC810 provides economical and precise solution for differential output mode in industrial, commercial, and communications systems. The superior features of high-sensitivity and wide-dynamic-range bring extra-experience to our customers. Fully integrated SOP-8 package is ideal for space-constrained applications as motor control, load detection and power supplies.

SC810 consists of a precise, low-offset, linear Hall sensor circuit with a copper conduction path located near the surface of the die. Applied current flowing through this copper conduction path generates a magnetic field which is sensed by the Hall IC and converted into a proportional voltage. A precise, proportional voltage is provided by the low-offset, chopper-stabilized Linear Hall IC, which is programmed for accuracy after packaging.

The terminals of the conductive path (from pin1 and 2 to pin 3 and 4) are electrically isolated from the signal leads (pins 5 through 8). This allows the SC810 to be used in applications requiring electrical isolation without the use of opto-isolators or other costly isolation techniques.

#### Features

- 3kV RMS minimum isolation voltage
- Output voltage proportional to AC or DC currents
- Lowest current conductor impedance :  $0.8m\Omega$
- Ultra wide current detection range, suitable for detecting ampere level current.
- Support differential output mode
- Internal fixed reference
- Selected Reference voltage mode: fixed 2.5V, 0.5\*VCC, 0.1\*VCC, Ref input
- Nearly zero magnetic hysteresis
- 2µs output rise time in response to step input current
- Wide operation temp. range : -40°C~125°C
- Total output error  $1\% @T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , <3% for full temperature range.
- High driving capacity: suit for  $>2.2K\Omega$  resistor load.
- Extremely simple peripheral circuit
- Support wave soldering full-automatic patch and tape packaging
- It is not interfered by wire magnetic field, external magnetic field and geomagnetic field
- High PSRR
- Independent copyright of Senko Micro.



#### Package: 8-Lead SOP-SC

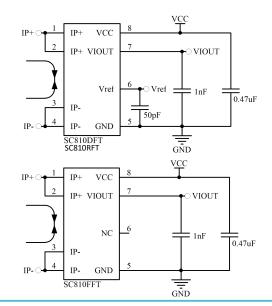
Top View:

Current Path view:





## **Typical Application**



# SC810 series SOP8, Differential output, Current Sensor IC



#### **Order information**

Part Number <sup>[1]</sup>	Special Code	Temp Range	Packaging	IP(A)	Vout @IP=0A	Sens @ VCC=5V (mV/A)
SC810DFT-2P5F5				±2.5		800
SC810DFT-05F5				±5	Vout @IP=0A         F(2.5V)         I	400
SC810DFT-10F5				±10		200
SC810DFT-20F5				±20		100
SC810DFT-25F5				±25		80
SC810DFT-30F5	D (Differential			±30		66
SC810DFT-40F5	mode)			±40		50
SC810DFT-50F5	- mode/	F(-40~125°C)		±50		40
SC810DFT-2515				±25	I <sup>[4]</sup>	80
SC810DFT-30I5			$5^{\circ}C)$ T (3000pcs/reel)	±30	(=Vref input voltage)	66
SC810DFT-30I5-100				±30	I=1V	66
SC810DFT-50I5-050				±50	I=0.5V	40
SC810RFT-10U5	R <sup>[3]</sup>			+10	U(0.1Vcc)	264
SC810FFT-10B5				±10		200
SC810FFT-25B5	-			±25	I=1V I=0.5V U(0.1Vcc)	80
SC810FFT-30B5	- -			±30	B(0.5Vcc)	66
SC810FFT-40B5	F (Servo mode)			±40		50
SC810FFT-50B5				±50		40
SC810FFT-10U5				+10		400
SC810FFT-20U5				+20	U(0.1Vcc)	200
F,B,I and U types are differen	-			•		
	-			-		
B when IP=0A,VIO	UT@0A=VREF=0.5*VCC,su	itable for bidirection	al current detection, Z	Zero Current C	output and sensitivity vary with	NCC ratio.

I when IP=0A,VIOUT@0A=Vref input voltage(0.5V- 2.5V), Zero Current Output and sensitivity do not change with VCC ratio.

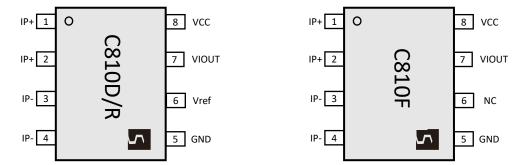
U\*2 when IP=0A,VIOUT@0A=0.1\*VCC,suitable for unidirectional current detection, Zero Current Output and sensitivity vary with VCC ratio.

Note2: Model U, Dynamic range x2, sensitivity x2; If there are any different sensitivity requirements, you can contact our FAE or Agent.

Note3: The application information of R signature code is the same as D signature code, D=R, but the difference is that the client procurement code continues.

Note4: Model I, must contact FAE for confirmation, the input voltage value must be informed with the model to obtain the best precision parameter. E.g. SC810DFT-2515, I=0.5V.

#### **Pin Configuration**

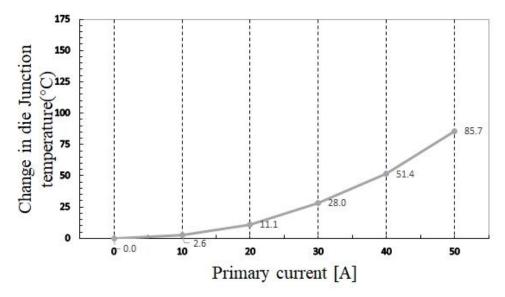


Number	Name	Description
1 and 2	IP+	Terminals for current being sampled; fused internally
3 and 4	IP-	Terminals for current being sampled; fused internally
5	GND	Signal Ground terminal
	NC(SC810FFT)	NC, support GND connection
6	Vref	Reference terminal, supporting input and output. Specifically define
	(SC810DFT/RFT)	Note 1 of the above ordering information VIOUT= Vref (IP=0A)
7	VIOUT	Analog output signal, VIOUT=IP*Sens+Vref
8	VCC	Device power supply terminal



# Thermal Rise vs. Primary Current

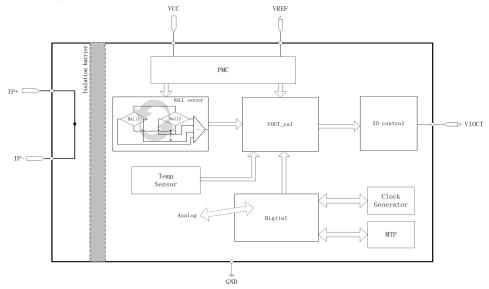
Remark: The relationship between temperature rise (DeltaT) and primary side current is obtained in the whole series of SC810 under the condition of DEMO board of our company at  $26^{\circ}$ C.



# **Demo Board information**

PCB Name	A10-V2
Layer Number	2
Total Copper size connected to Primary pins (Including all layers)	1224 mm <sup>2</sup>
Copper layer thickness	2oz / 70um
Board Thickness	1mm

## **Functional Block Diagram**





#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Absolute maximum ratings are limiting values to be applied individually, and beyond which the serviceability of the circuit may be impaired. Functional operability is not necessarily implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for an extended period of time may affect device reliability.

Characteristic	Symbol	Notes	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		6.0	V
Reverse Supply Voltage	V <sub>RCC</sub>		-0.1	V
Output voltage	VIOUT		6.0	V
Reverse Output Voltage	VRIOUT		-0.1	V
Nominal Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	Range F	-40~125	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	T <sub>J (max)</sub>		165	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>		-65~170	°C
Output Current Source	IOUT(Source)	Shorted Output-to-Ground Current	3.43	mA
Output Current Sink	IOUT(Sink)	Shorted Output-to-VCC Current	40	mA
REF Current Source	IREF(Source)	Shorted REF-to-Ground Current	3.47	mA
REF Current Sink	IREF(Sink)	Shorted REF-to-VCC Current	40	mA
Maximum IP value of sustainable loading at ambient temperature	IP <sub>max</sub>	It is directly related to the heat dissipation capacity of PCB, and this data depends on the demo test board of Senko	50	А
Transient overload IP value of sustainable loading at ambient temperature	IPover	It is directly related to the heat dissipation capacity of PCB, and this data depends on the demo test board of Senko.1pulse,100ms,1% duty cycle	100	А
HBM mode	ESD		4	kV

#### **Isolation Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Comment
RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50Hz, 1min	V <sub>ISO</sub>	3000	$V_{ m rms}$	Agency type-tested for 60 seconds per UL60950-1
Working Voltage for Basic Isolation	$V_{WVBI}$	420	$V_{\text{Peak}}$	Maximum working voltage according to UL60950-1
Clearance	$D_{cl}$	4	mm	Minimum distance through air from IP leads to signal leads
Creepage distance	D <sub>cr</sub>	4	mm	Minimum distance along package body from IP leads to signal leads
Leakage mark index	CT1	600	V	The electrical breakdown (tracking) properties of an insulating material
1.2/50µs Impulse voltage	Impulse voltage	7	kV	
8/20µs impulse current	Impact of current	/	kA	

## **Reference application Specification**

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
C <sub>VCC</sub>	The filter capacitor of power supply is connected between Vcc and gnd	0.1	0.47		uF
C <sub>VIOUT</sub>	The filter capacitor of Output is connected between Viout and gnd	0	1	1.5	nF
C <sub>VREF</sub>	The filter capacitor of REF is connected between Vref and gnd	0	50	100	pF



# **Common Electrical Characteristics**

Note: Over full range of  $T_A=25^{\circ}C$ ,  $C_{Bypass}=0.47 uF$ ,  $C_{Load}=1.0nF$ ,  $V_{CC}=5V$ , unless otherwise specified.

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	Operating	4.5	5	5.5	V
Supply Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \sim 5.5 \text{ V}$ , output open		20		mA
Output Capacitance Load	CL	V <sub>IOUT</sub> to GND		1	1.5	nF
Output Resistive Load	R <sub>L</sub>	V <sub>IOUT</sub> to GND	2.2			kΩ
REF Capacitance Load	C <sub>LREF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> to GND		50	100	pF
REF Resistive Load	R <sub>LREF</sub>	V <sub>REF</sub> to GND	2.2			kΩ
Hall coupling factor	CF	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		5.2		G/A
Anti-external magnetic interference	CMFR			-45.5		dB
Primary Conductor Resistance	R <sub>PRIMARY</sub>	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0.8		mΩ
Temperature Coefficient of Primary Conductor Resistance	TC <sub>R</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> =-40~125°C		3365		ppm/°C
Hysteresis	V <sub>hys</sub>	Viout(Load +20A, return to 0A)- Viout(Load -20A, return to 0A)		1		mV
Rise time	tr	IP=20A (50A/us)		1.9		uS
Propagation Delay	t <sub>pd</sub>	IP=20A (50A/us)		1.28		uS
Response Time	t <sub>response</sub>	IP=20A (50A/us)		1.72		uS
Bandwidth	f	-3 dB		170		kHz
Noise Density	I <sub>ND</sub>	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $C_L = 1nF$		1545		$\mu A(rms)/$ $\sqrt{Hz}$
	I <sub>N</sub>			0.46		mA(rms)
Noise	I <sub>N</sub>	BW=10KHz		0.12		mA(rms)
	I <sub>N</sub>	BW=1KHz		0.05		mA(rms)
Nonlinearity	E <sub>LIN</sub>	-20A <ip<20a< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>%</td></ip<20a<>			1	%
Proportional coefficient of follow-up sensitivity (applicable to B5 suffix production Product)	S <sub>coef</sub>	VCC=4.5~5.5V, S <sub>coef</sub> =Sens(VCC)/Sens(5V)		VCC/5		
Sensitivity under fixed Zero Current Output (applicable to F5 suffix production Product)		VCC=4.5~5.5V, Type selection is xxF5		2000/I pr		mV/A
Zero Current Output under fixed Zero Current Output (applicable to F5 suffix production Product)		VCC=4.5~5.5V, Type selection is xxF5		2.5		V
Peripheral input Zero Current Output range		VCC=4.5~5.5V, Type selection is xxI5	0.5		2.5	V
Linear rail-to-rail output range	Vrail-rail	$R_L=4.7k\Omega$	10		90	%VCC
Power-On Time	t <sub>PO</sub>	Output reaches steady state level, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		100	200	μS
Zero Current Output of Power supply rejection ratio (applicable to F5 suffix production Product)	PSRR <sub>Q</sub>			43		dB
Sensitivity of Power supply rejection ratio (applicable to F5 suffix production Product)	PSRRs			25		dB



## SC810DFT-2P5F5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit	
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE							
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-2.5		2.5	A	
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		2.5		V	
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		2.5		V	
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		±5		mV	
Sensitivity	Sens	-2.5A <ip<2.5a< td=""><td></td><td>800</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<2.5a<>		800		mV/A	
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE					
		$I_P = \pm 2.5 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%	
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 2.5 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±2		%	
		$I_P = \pm 2.5 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%	
		$I_{P}=0A, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C$		±15		mV	
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±65		mV	
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±81		mV	
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV	
Differential Output Error	E (Voq -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±65		mV	
-		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$		±81		mV	
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		350		mV	
TO	FAL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_{C}$	E /(Sens × ]	[p)			
		$I_P = \pm 2.5 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%	
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = \pm 2.5 \text{ A}, T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{C} \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±2		%	
^		$I_P = \pm 2.5 \text{ A}, T_A = 85^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%	

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

[2] Percentage of IP, with  $IP = I_{PR(max)}$ .

#### SC810DFT-05F5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit		
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE								
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-5		5	A		
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		2.5		V		
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		2.5		V		
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV		
Sensitivity	Sens	-5A <ip<5a< td=""><td></td><td>400</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<5a<>		400		mV/A		
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
		$I_P = \pm 5 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%		
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 5 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%		
		$I_P = \pm 5 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$		±3		%		
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV		
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±20		mV		
		I <sub>P</sub> =0A, T <sub>A</sub> =85~125°C		±35		mV		
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV		
Differential Output Error	E (Voq -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±22		mV		
-		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$		±35		mV		
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		230		mV		
ТО	TAL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_{C}$	DE /(Sens × ]	[p)				
		$I_P = \pm 5 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%		
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	E <sub>TOT</sub>	$I_P = \pm 5 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±2		%		
		$I_P = \pm 5 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%		

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values



## SC810DFT-10F5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit	
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE							
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-10		10	А	
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A$ =25°C		2.5		V	
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		2.5		V	
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV	
Sensitivity	Sens	-10A <ip<10a< td=""><td></td><td>200</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<10a<>		200		mV/A	
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE					
		$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%	
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%	
		$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%	
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV	
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±15		mV	
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±20		mV	
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV	
Differential Output Error	E (Voq -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±15		mV	
-		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$		±20		mV	
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		150		mV	
ТОТ	AL OUTPUT	ERROR COMPONENTS: $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_O$	<sub>E</sub> /(Sens × I	P)			
		$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%	
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Етот	$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±2		%	
		$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$		±3		%	

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

[2] Percentage of IP , with  $IP = I_{PR(max)}$ .

#### SC810DFT-20F5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit	
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE							
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-20		20	A	
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A$ =25°C		2.5		V	
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		2.5		V	
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV	
Sensitivity	Sens	-20A <ip<20a< td=""><td></td><td>100</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<20a<>		100		mV/A	
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE					
		$I_P = \pm 20 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%	
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 20 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%	
		$I_P = \pm 20 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%	
		$I_{P}=0A, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV	
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV	
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV	
		$I_{P}=0A, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV	
Differential Output Error	E (Voq -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV	
-		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV	
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		100		mV	
TO	TAL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V$	/ <sub>OE</sub> /(Sens × ]	I <sub>P</sub> )			
		$I_P = \pm 20 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%	
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = \pm 20 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±2		%	
-		$I_P = \pm 20 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%	

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values



## SC810DFT-25F5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit		
NOMINAL PERFORMANCE								
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-25		25	Α		
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		2.5		V		
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		2.5		V		
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV		
Sensitivity	Sens	-25A <ip<25a< td=""><td></td><td>80</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<25a<>		80		mV/A		
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE						
		$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%		
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%		
		$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%		
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV		
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV		
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV		
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV		
Differential Output Error	E (Voq -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV		
-		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV		
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		85		mV		
ТОТ	AL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_O$	E /(Sens × l	P)				
		$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%		
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Етот	$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±2		%		
-		$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$		±3		%		

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

[2] Percentage of IP, with  $IP = I_{PR(max)}$ .

#### SC810DFT-30F5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-30		30	A
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		2.5		V
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		2.5		V
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV
Sensitivity	Sens	-30A <ip<30a< td=""><td></td><td>66</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<30a<>		66		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				
		$I_P = \pm 30 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 30 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 30 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%
		$I_{P}=0A, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
Differential Output Error	E (Voq -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV
-		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		80		mV
ТОТ		<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_0$	OE /(Sens × ]	[p]		
		$I_P = \pm 30 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = \pm 30 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		±2		%
-		$I_P = \pm 30 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$		±3		%

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values



## SC810DFT-40F5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-40		40	Α
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A$ =25°C		2.5		V
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		2.5		V
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV
Sensitivity	Sens	-40A <ip<40a< td=""><td></td><td>50</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<40a<>		50		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				
		$I_P = \pm 40 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 40 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 40 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%
		$I_{P}=0A, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
Differential Output Error	E (Voq -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV
-		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		60		mV
ТОТ	AL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_O$	<sub>DE</sub> /(Sens × 1	[p)		
		$I_P = \pm 40 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = \pm 40 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±2		%
_		$I_P = \pm 40 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

[2] Percentage of IP, with  $IP = I_{PR(max)}$ .

#### SC810DFT-50F5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C,  $C_{Bypass}$ =0.47uF,  $C_{Load}$ =1nF,  $V_{CC}$ =5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-50		50	A
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A$ =25°C		2.5		V
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		2.5		V
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV
Sensitivity	Sens	-50A <ip<50a< td=""><td></td><td>40</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<50a<>		40		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				
		$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%
		$I_{P}=0A, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
		$I_{P}=0A, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
Differential Output Error	E (Voq -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV
×.		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		60		mV
ТС	TAL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V$	OE /(Sens ×	lp)		-
		$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Етот	$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1.5		%
<b>^</b>		$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values



## SC810DFT-2515 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range <sup>[3]</sup>	I <sub>PR</sub>	Default one-way detection, Calculation formula of negative current range: MinIPR=(0.5-VREF_IN)/Sens			25	А
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A$ =25°C		=Vref		V
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		Pace with input		V
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV
Sensitivity	Sens	0A <ip<25a< td=""><td></td><td>80</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<25a<>		80		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE	-			-
		$I_P = 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = 25 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%
		$I_P = 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		±0.5		%
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-10	0	10	mV
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		4		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		4		mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		85		mV
TO	DTAL OUTPU	$\Gamma \text{ ERROR COMPONENTS: } E_{\text{TOT}} = E_{\text{SENS}} + V_{\text{O}}$	E /(Sens × ]	[p)		
		$I_P = 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = 25 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±2		%
-		$I_P = 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

[2] Percentage of IP, with  $IP = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3]Current measurement range: the minimum viout linear output voltage is 0.5V, that is, the negative current detection range is judged according to the external VREF input voltage.

#### SC810DFT-30I5-100 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, CBypass=0.47uF, CLoad=1nF, VCC=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
		Default one-way detection,				
Current-Sensing Range <sup>[3]</sup>	I <sub>PR</sub>	Calculation formula of negative current range:			30	A
		MinIPR=(0.5-VREF_IN)/Sens				
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A$ =25°C		=Vref		V
VREF output Voltage	V <sub>REF</sub>	no correlation with IP input		1		V
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV
Sensitivity	Sens	0A <ip<30a< td=""><td></td><td>66</td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<30a<>		66		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				
		$I_P = 30 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-1	$\pm 0.5$	1	%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = 30 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$	-2.26	±0.6	2.26	%
		$I_P = 30 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	-2.42	$\pm 0.7$	2.42	%
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	-17	±5	17	mV
Single end output zero error	Voe	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$	-41	$\pm 10$	41	mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$	-23	±15	23	mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		85		mV
тс	TAL OUTPUT	$\Gamma ERROR COMPONENTS: E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_O$	<sub>E</sub> /(Sens × I	р)		
		$I_P = 30 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$	-1.5	±1	1.5	%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = 30 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$	-3.5	±1.5	3.5	%
-		$I_P = 30 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-3.1	±1.5	3.1	%

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

[2] Percentage of IP, with  $IP = I_{PR(max)}$ .

[3] Current measurement range: the minimum viout linear output voltage is 0.5V, that is, the negative current detection range is judged according to the external VREF input voltage.



## SC810RFT-10U5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		0		10	А
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A$ =25°C		0.1Vcc		V
VREF output Voltage	VREF	no correlation with IP input		0.1Vcc		V
Difference zero deviation	Voq -V <sub>REF</sub>	IP=0A		0		mV
Sensitivity	Sens	0A <ip<10a< td=""><td></td><td>264*S<sub>coef</sub></td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<10a<>		264*S <sub>coef</sub>		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				
		$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$		±3		%
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0		mV
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		64		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		5		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		0		mV
Differential Output Error	E (Vog -VREF)	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		17		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		5		mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		230		mV
ТОТ		<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_O$	E /(Sens × I	[P)		
		$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

[2] Percentage of IP, with  $IP = I_{PR(max)}$ .

#### SC810FFT-10B5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range	IPR		-10		10	А
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		0.5Vcc		V
Sensitivity	Sens	-10A <ip<10a< td=""><td></td><td>200*S<sub>coef</sub></td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<10a<>		200*S <sub>coef</sub>		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				
		$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%
		$I_{P}=0A, T_{A}=25^{\circ}C$		±3		mV
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		150		mV
ТОТ	TAL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_{C}$	E /(Sens × ]	(P)		
		$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$		±3		%

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values



## SC810FFT-10U5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		0		10	А
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		0.1Vcc		V
Sensitivity	Sens	0A <ip<10a< td=""><td></td><td>400*S<sub>coef</sub></td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<10a<>		400*S <sub>coef</sub>		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE	-			
		$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-1.06		1.06	%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$	-2.04		2.04	%
		$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$	-3.75		3.75	%
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$	-12		12	mV
Single end output zero error	Voe	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$	-37		37	mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$	-59		59	mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		150		mV
ТОТ	TAL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_O$	E /(Sens × l	[p)		
		$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$	-1.13		1.13	%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	E <sub>TOT</sub>	$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$	-2.63		2.63	%
		$I_P = 10 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$	-4.97		4.97	%

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C,  $C_{Bypass}$ =0.47uF,  $C_{Load}$ =1nF,  $V_{CC}$ =5V, unless otherwise specified.

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

[2] Percentage of IP , with  $IP = I_{PR(max)}$ .

## SC810FFT-25B5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-25		25	A
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$		0.5Vcc		V
Sensitivity	Sens	-25A <ip<25a< td=""><td></td><td>80*S<sub>coef</sub></td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<25a<>		80*S <sub>coef</sub>		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				
		$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
Single end output zero error	Voe	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		85		mV
ТОТ	TAL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_{O}$	E /(Sens × ]	[P)		
		$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 25 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$		±3		%

[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values

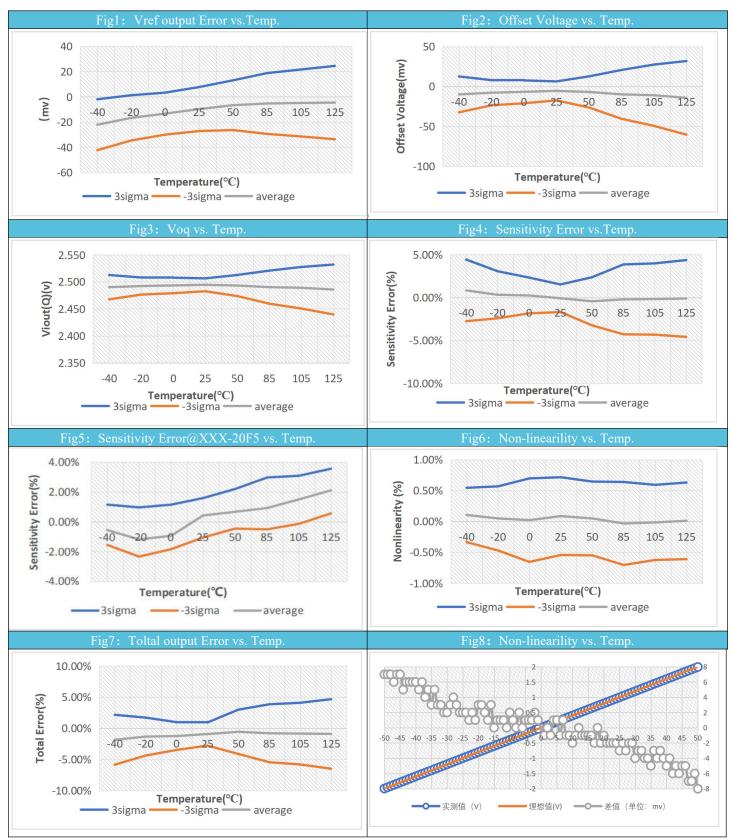


## SC810FFT-50B5 Individual Performance Characteristics

Note: Over full range of TA=-40~125°C, C<sub>Bypass</sub>=0.47uF, C<sub>Load</sub>=1nF, V<sub>CC</sub>=5V, unless otherwise specified.

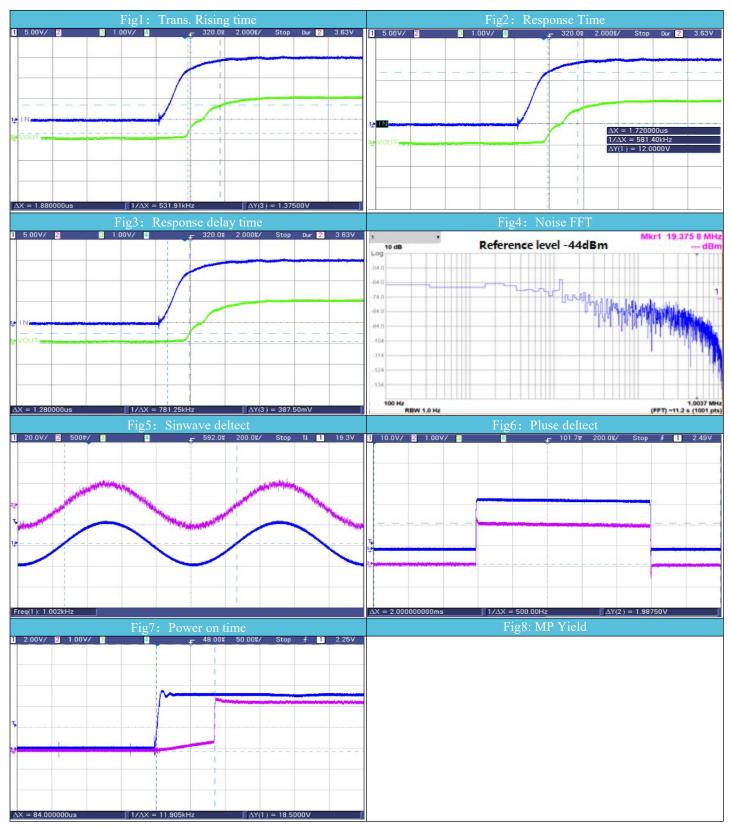
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Unit
		NOMINAL PERFORMANCE				
Current-Sensing Range	I <sub>PR</sub>		-50		50	A
Zero-Current Output Voltage	Voq	IP=0A, $T_A$ =25°C		0.5Vcc		V
Sensitivity	Sens	-50A <ip<50a< td=""><td></td><td>40*S<sub>coef</sub></td><td></td><td>mV/A</td></ip<50a<>		40*S <sub>coef</sub>		mV/A
		ACCURACY PERFORMANCE				
		$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		±1		%
Sensitivity Error	Esens	$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$		±3		%
		$I_P=0A, T_A=25^{\circ}C$		±5		mV
Single end output zero error	VOE	$I_P=0A, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ}C$		±10		mV
		$I_P=0A, T_A=85\sim125^{\circ}C$		±15		mV
Zero Current Output Ripple	Voq_pp	IP=0A,T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,Output Peak to Peak		60		mV
ТОТ	AL OUTPUT	<b>ERROR COMPONENTS:</b> $E_{TOT} = E_{SENS} + V_O$	<sub>E</sub> /(Sens × 1	[p)		
		$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = 25^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1		%
Total Output Error <sup>[2]</sup>	Etot	$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = -40 \sim 85^{\circ} \text{C}$		±1.5		%
		$I_P = \pm 50 \text{ A}, T_A = 85 \sim 125^{\circ} \text{C}$		±3		%

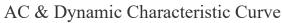
[1] Typical values with +/- are 3 sigma values













# **Functional Description**

# Internal Reference Voltage

Vref is always equal to the static bias output value of VIOUT, that is, VIOUT value when IP=0A.

The relationship between VIOUT and Vref obey that following formula:

VIOUT=IP\*SENS+Vref, in which IP is the primary current.

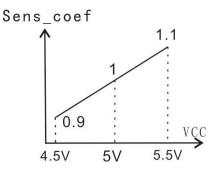
When SC810DFT\*\*F5 is used, the constant output of VREF is fixed at 2.5V, and the driving capability is greater than 3mA. When SC810FFT\*\*B5 is used, VREF constantly outputs 0.5VCC, and has a driving capability of more than 3mA. When SC810DFT\*\*U5 is used, VREF constantly outputs 0.1VCC, and has a driving capability of more than 3mA. When SC810DFT\*\*I5 is used, VREF is input mode, and its voltage can be modified to 0.5V-2.5V by using external input voltage.However, it is necessary to contact FAE for confirmation and inform the input voltage value along with the model to obtain the best accuracy parameters.

# Proportional Coefficient Of Sensitivity(suitable for products with suffix B or U)

Sensitivity ratio coefficient (sens\_coef), which defines the coefficient proportional to the sensitivity and VCC. The ideal coefficient is 1. If the VCC increases by 10%, the sensitivity will increase by 10%. At this time, the coefficient is 1.1, which means that the sensitivity increases by 10% compared with the ideal proportion. The relationship between the scale coefficient is described by the following equation:

Scoef=Sens\_coef=SENS<sub>VCC</sub>/SENS<sub>VCCN</sub>

It is the ratio of the sensitivity  $SENS_{VCC}$  under the supply voltage Vcc to the sensitivity  $SENS_{VCCN}$  under the rated supply voltage VCCN. Through this value, we can get the sensitivity under any supply voltage. In ideal situation:



# **Proportional Relationship**

Zero-current voltage is fixed at 2.5V and sensitivity is fixed at 2V/IPMAX when VCC change if using SC810\*\*F5. IPMAX is the Maximum current.

Zero-current voltage is fixed at VCC/2 and sensitivity is fixed at SENSVCC  $\times$  Sens\_coef when VCC change if using SC810\*\*B5.

Zero-current voltage is fixed at VCC/10 and sensitivity is fixed at SENSVCC  $\times$  Sens\_coef when VCC change if using SC810\*\*U5.

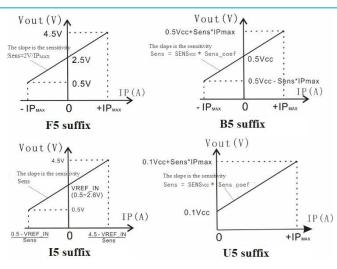
Zero-current voltage is fixed at the VREF input voltage and sensitivity is fixed at 2V/IP, when VCC change if using SC810DFT\*\*I5.IP is

the current value in the model. The measurable current range is [ (0.5-VREF\_IN)/Sens , ( 4.5-VREF\_IN)/Sens ].

E.g. SC810DFT-2015, when the external input voltage VREF\_IN=1.65V, the sensitivity is Sens=2\*1000/20=100 mv/A, and the measurable current range is [-11.5A,28.5A].

# SC810 series High sensitivity, Fully Integrated Current Sensor IC





## Impact of External Magnetic Fields

CMFR is used to express the ability of sensor resisting impact of external magnetic fields. The larger the absolute value of CMFR, the stronger the ability to resist external magnetic interference is.CMFR is defined as The absolute value of the ratio of the voltage change ACM (in mv/G) caused by external magnetic interference to the sensor itself is 20 times of the common logarithm, and the unit is decibel (dB).

$$CMFR = 20 \lg \left| \frac{A_{CM}}{Sens/CF} \right|$$

CF is the coupling factor in G/A, multiplying by the sensitivity of the part(Sens)gives the error in mV.

For example: CMFR= -40dB, Sens = 40 mv/A, CF = 10 G/A, then  $A_{\text{CM}}$  is 0.04 mv/G. That is, the output changes by 40 uv for every 1Guass increase of external magnetic field.

## Power Supply Rejection Ratio(suitable for products with suffix F)

Sensitivity power supply rejection ratio(PSRR<sub>s</sub>) It refers to the sensitivity change rate (SENS<sub>VCC</sub>-SENS<sub>VCCN</sub>)/SENS<sub>VCCN</sub> caused by the power supply change rate(VCC-VCC<sub>N</sub>)/VCC<sub>N</sub>. The absolute value of the ratio is 20 times of the common logarithm, the unit is dB.

$$PSRR_{S} = 20 \lg \left| \frac{(VCC - VCC_{N})/VCC_{N}}{(SENS_{VCC} - SENS_{VCCN})/SENS_{VCCN}} \right|$$

**Zero current power supply rejection ratio**( $PSRR_Q$ ) It refers to the zero point change VOE - VOE<sub>N</sub> caused by the change of voltage VCC - VCC<sub>N</sub>. The absolute value of the ratio is 20 times of the common logarithm, the unit is dB.

$$PSRR_Q = 20 \lg \left| \frac{VCC - VCC_N}{VOE - VOE_N} \right|$$

#### • Delay time t<sub>pd</sub> and Response time t<sub>response</sub>

Both delay time and response time are used to characterize the time difference between primary side and secondary side;

The propagation Delay time is the time difference when the secondary output reaches 20% of the steady-state output value and the primary output reaches 20% of the steady-state current;

The response time is the time difference when the secondary output reaches 90% of the steady-state output value and the primary output reaches 90% of the steady-state current.

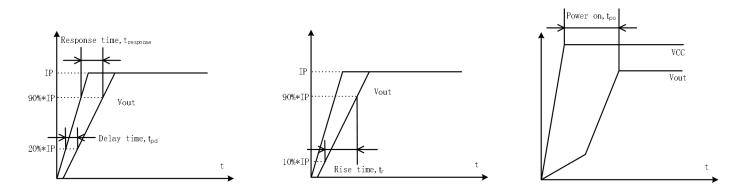


#### Rise Time Tr

Rise time is used to characterize the time difference of the secondary side itself, that is, the time difference between when the secondary side output reaches 90% of the steady-state output value and when it reaches 10% of the steady-state output value.

#### Power-On Time tpo

The power-on time is used to characterize the time difference between the secondary side and the power supply VCC, that is, the time difference between the secondary side output reaching the steady-state output value and the VCC reaching the steady-state output value.



## Thermal resistance R<sub>0JA</sub>

Based on a demo board, the thermal resistance is calculated by measuring the chip top temperature and power value. According to the thermal resistance, the junction temperature can be calculated as a reference. The actual surface temperature measurement value is shown in the relationship between the package temperature and the measured current.

 $T_J = T_A + (R_{\theta JA} * POWER) = T_A + (R_{\theta JA} * IP^2 * R_{PRIMARY});$ 

Where  $T_J$  is junction temperature and  $T_A$  is ambient temperature.



# Refer to application information

#### 1.Selection of SC810DFT/FFT suffix

DFT:With reference pin (not grounded), support input system synchronization reference, or differential output application mode. If system synchronization reference or post-differential sampling and amplification is required, DFT is selected. FFT:There is no reference mode, convenient pin6 grounding application for customers. Make a choice for compatibility.

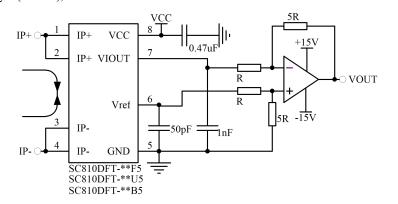
#### 2.Selection of SC810xxF5/xxB5/xxU5/xxI5 suffix

F,B,I and U types are different in the reference output when IP=0A, and F is recommended by default(2.5V fixed zero voltage).

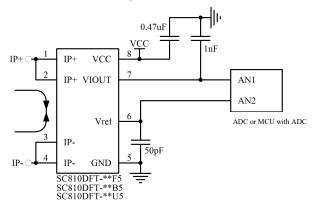
	Output is not affected by power supply voltage, and has high power supply suppression ability, low output noise
F	and strong anti-interference ability. Especially in the case of high noise of system power supply, to ensure excellent
Г	output characteristics. However, it is required that the post-processing is not based on VCC, or when VCC fluctuates
	very little, so as to obtain high suppression ratio capability.
	Output varies with VCC ratio, which basically has no ability to suppress high frequency noise of power supply. It
В	is applicable to the system where the power supply voltage fluctuates greatly, and the subsequent MCU or DSF
Б	processing adopts 0.5VCC as the reference conversion and sensitivity as the VCC ratio calculation. And the VCC
	fluctuation error is offset by synchronous calculation.
т	Same as F mode, But the zero point is applied synchronously by external input, So as to offset the error of
	unsynchronized reference voltages.
U	Same as B mode, but suitable for unidirectional current detection.

#### 3.Differential output/input application description

1)Schematic diagram of differential amplification mode: VOUT = IP \* Sensitivity \* (-5R / R), R>1.3K



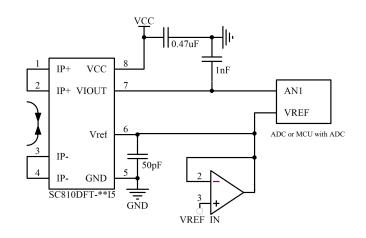
2)Schematic diagram of connection between differential output and ADC:



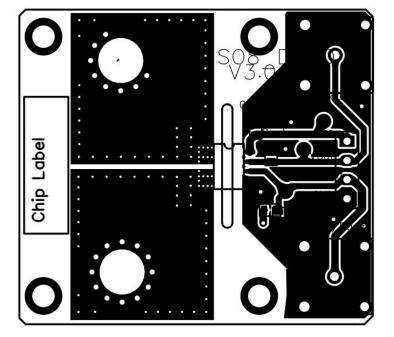


3)Schematic diagram of VREF input synchronization application

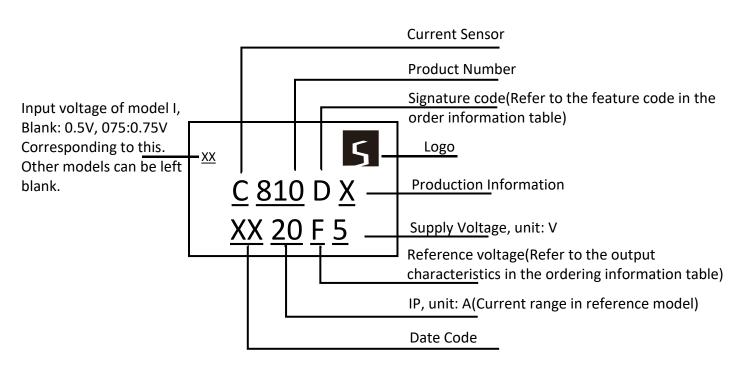
With SC810DFT\*\*I5, VREF is the input mode. The external input voltage can be used to modify its voltage to  $0.5v \sim 2.5v$ , VIOUT= VREF IN + Sensitivity \* IP,In which VREF IN should be  $0.5v \sim 2.5v$ .



# **Demo Board Layout**



# **Mark Description**



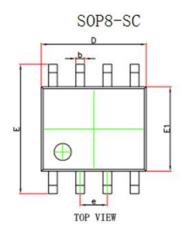
Note:X is non fixed character, defined by Senko Micro naming rules

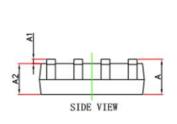


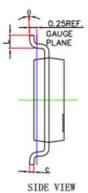


## **Package Information**

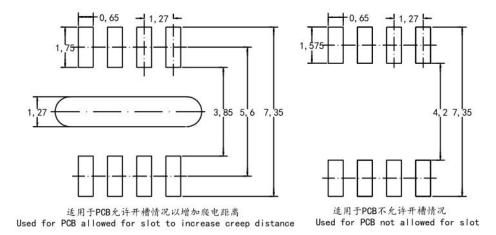
Note: Package is SOP8-SC, all dimensions are in millimeters.

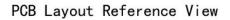






Symbol	Dimensions Ir	n Millimeters	Dimension	s in inches
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.201
E1	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
E.	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
с	0.170	0.250	0.007	0.010
e	1.270(	BSC)	0.050	(BSC)
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°







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# **Revision Table**

Revision	Change	Page	Author	Date
1.0	Initial draft for XG601 version Tom 2020.1		Tom	2020.1
1.1	Revise to new format		Tom	2020.2
1.2	Release to customer for sample and check EC Table		Jon	2020.2
1.3	Increase the code of non-mass-supplied products		Jon	2020.03
1.4	According to customer requirements, add 2515 models		Jon	2020.03
1.5	According to customer requirements, add 2P5B5 model		Jon	2020.03
1.6	Add RFT-10U5		Jon	2020.03
1.7	Released version		Jon	2020.04
1.8	According to customer requirements, add 40F5 models		Jon	2020.05
1.9	Fill in the frequency bandwidth and modify the description of I series		Emma	2021.01
2.0	Update the function block diagram		Emma	2021.02
2.1	Replace Exterior View		Ну	2021.02
2.2	Add SC810DFT-30I5		Mei	2021.03
2.3	Add UL and environmental protection logo		Emma	2021.05
2.4	Add SC810FFT-20U5		Emma	2021.07
2.5	Add SC810FFT-10U5		Emma	2021.08
2.6	Add SC810DFT-30I5-100, and modify the silk screen printing instructions		Emma	2021.09
2.7	Add SC810DFT-30I5-100 performance index parameters		Emma	2021.10
2.8	Add SC810FFT-10U5 performance index parameters		Emma	2021.10
2.9	Update the precision parameters of SC810DFT-30I5-100		Emma	2021.12
3.0	Modify part of the data and description		Emma	2022.02
3.1	Add SC810DFT-50I5-050		Emma	2022.03